

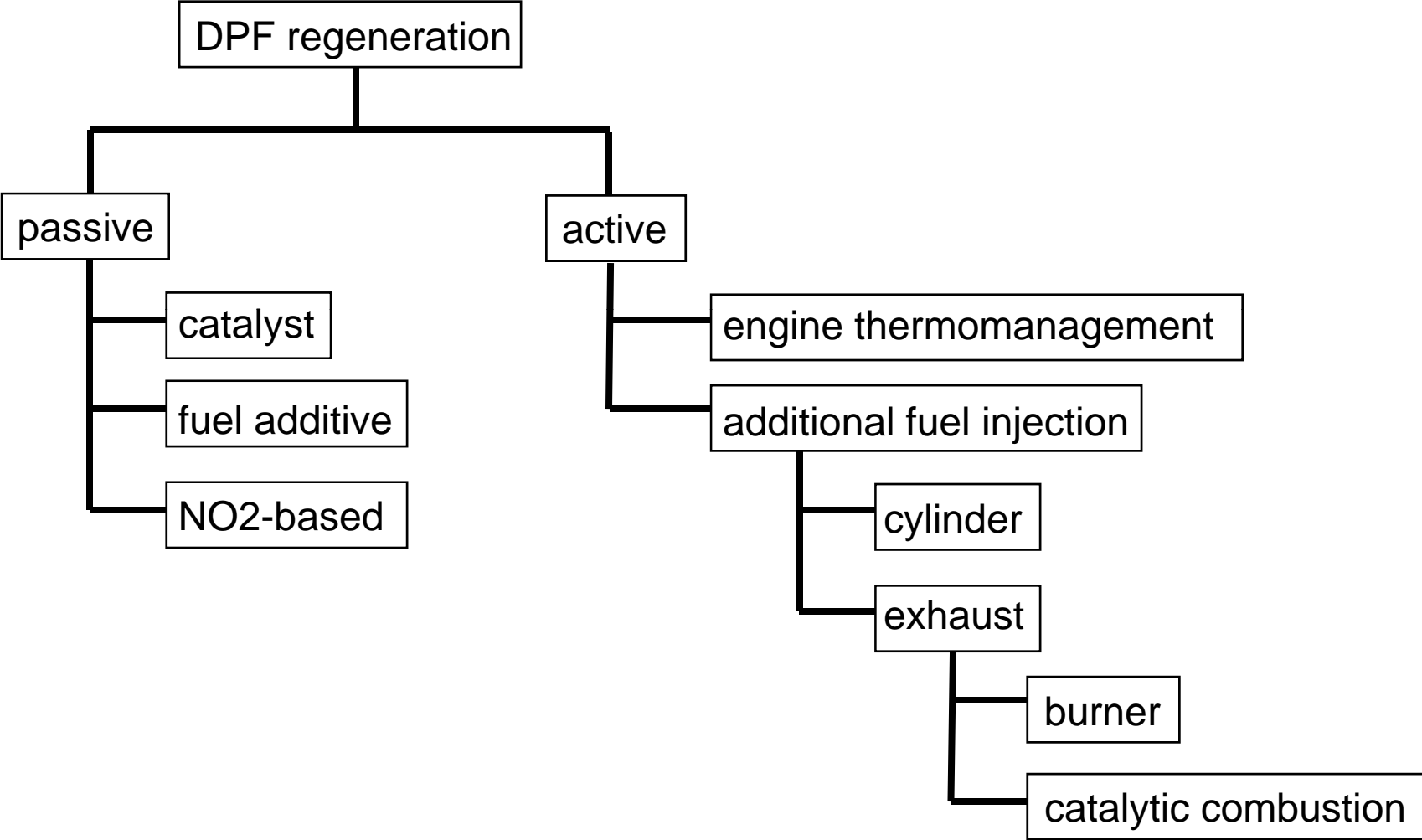
Content

- **Introduction**
- **GT-Power simulation conditions**
- **Simulation-based study of regeneration strategies**
- **Results**
- **Conclusions and outlook**

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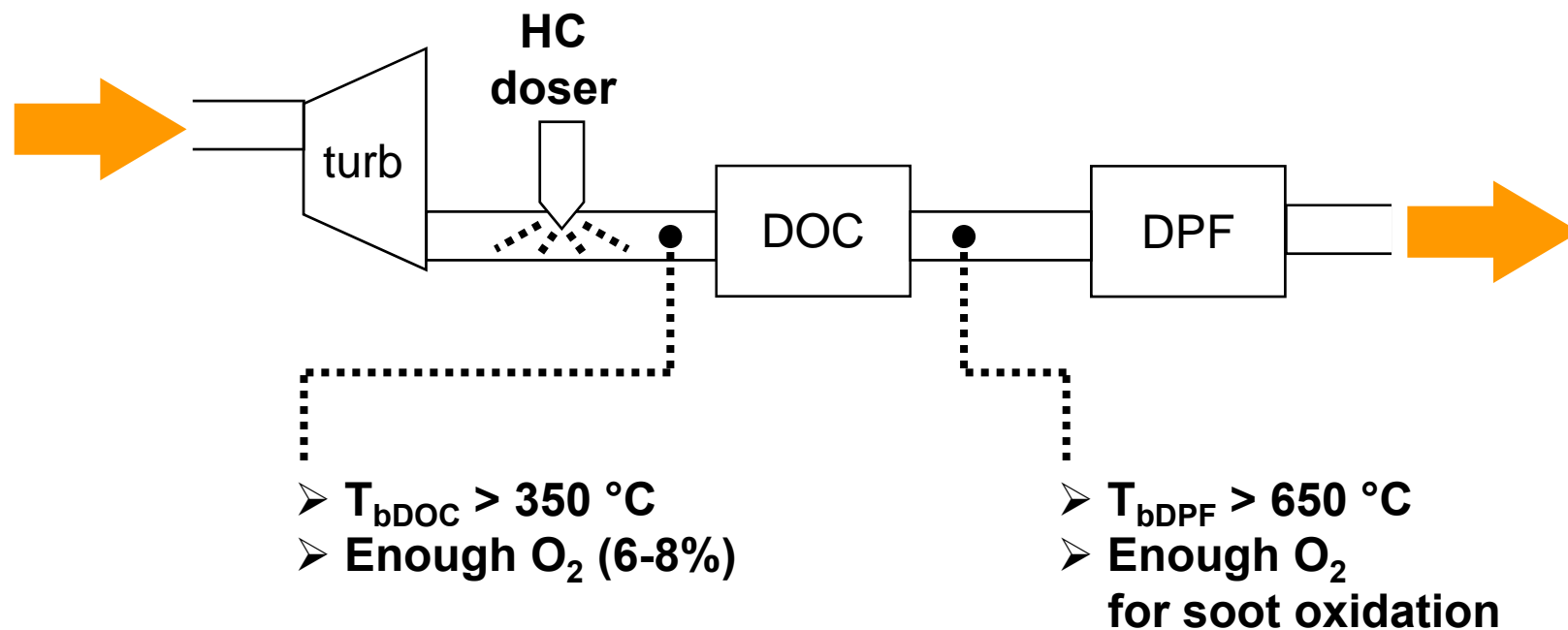
Introduction: DPF regeneration strategies overview



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Introduction: Target conditions for regeneration

- Temperature before DOC
- Temperature before DPF
- Oxygen concentration



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Engine considered

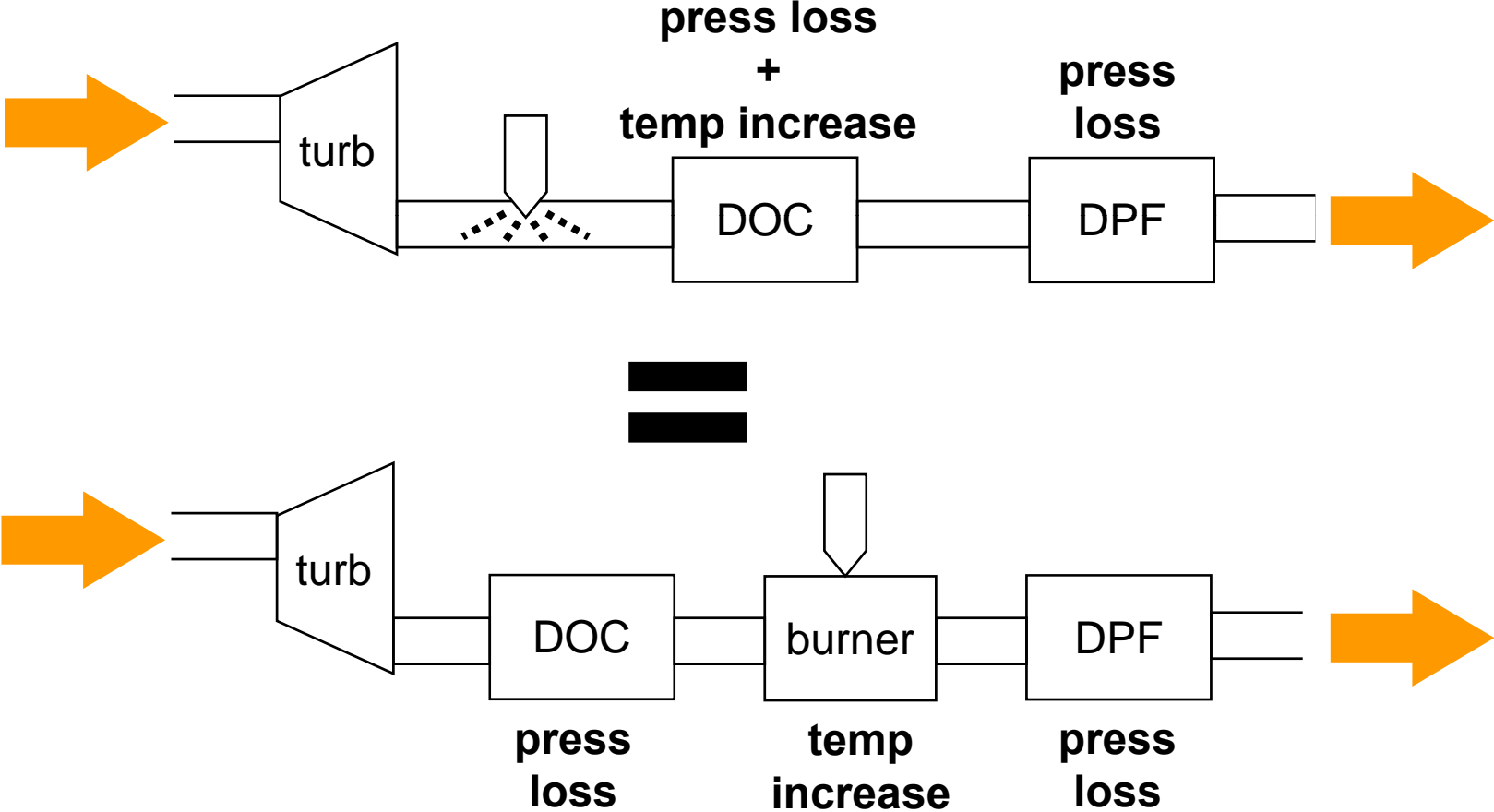
- **Name:** D9508
- **Cylinder:** V8
- **Power:** 500 kW
- **Emission level:** 3B
- **EGR system:** external
- **Turbocharging:** 2 stages, waste-gate
- **Injection:** direct, common-rail
- **DPF:** AC 200/12, 15" x 16"



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DOC + DPF modeling with GT-Power

- Equivalent modeling, since details of the DOC chemistry not known

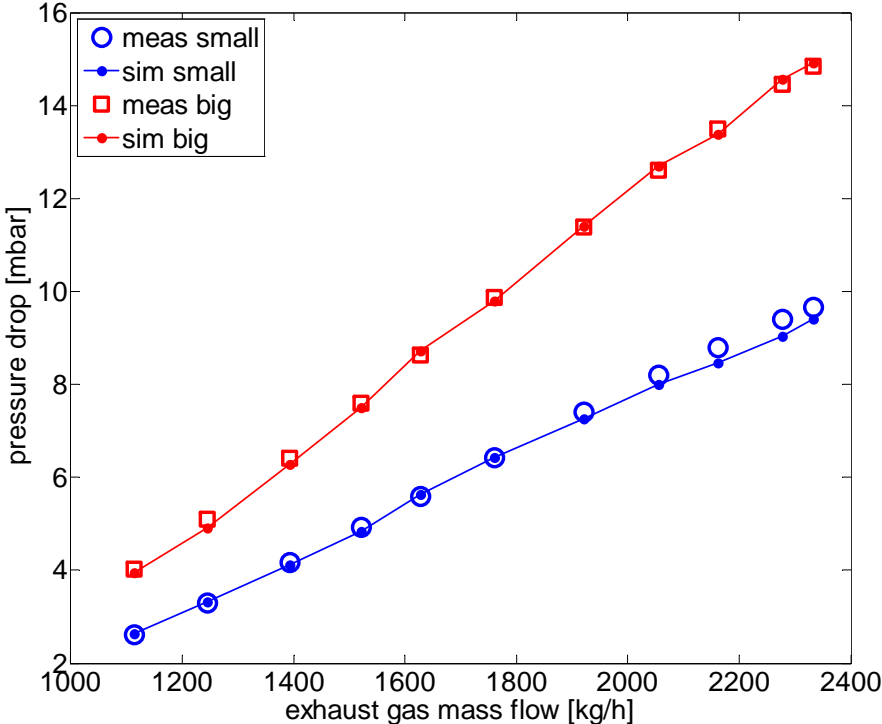


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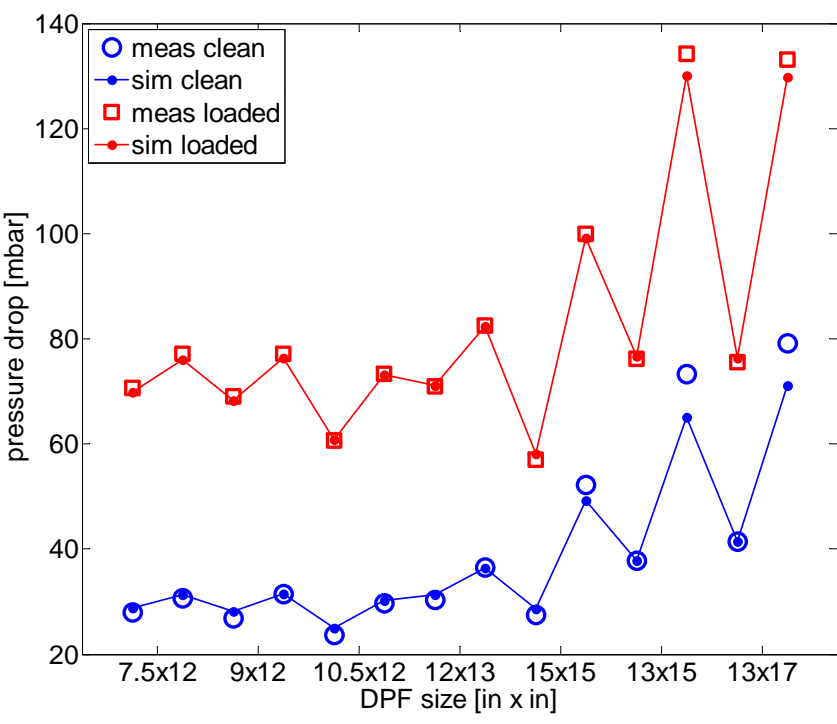
DOC + DPF modeling with GT-Power

■ Pressure drop calibration results

DOC, various mass flows, comparison of two sizes

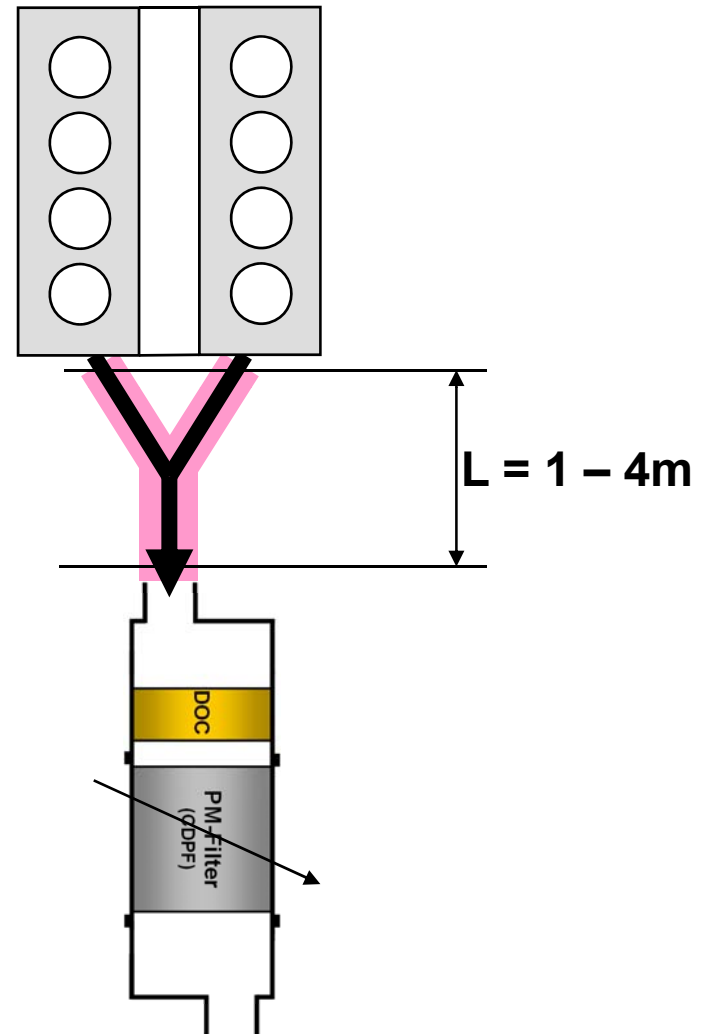
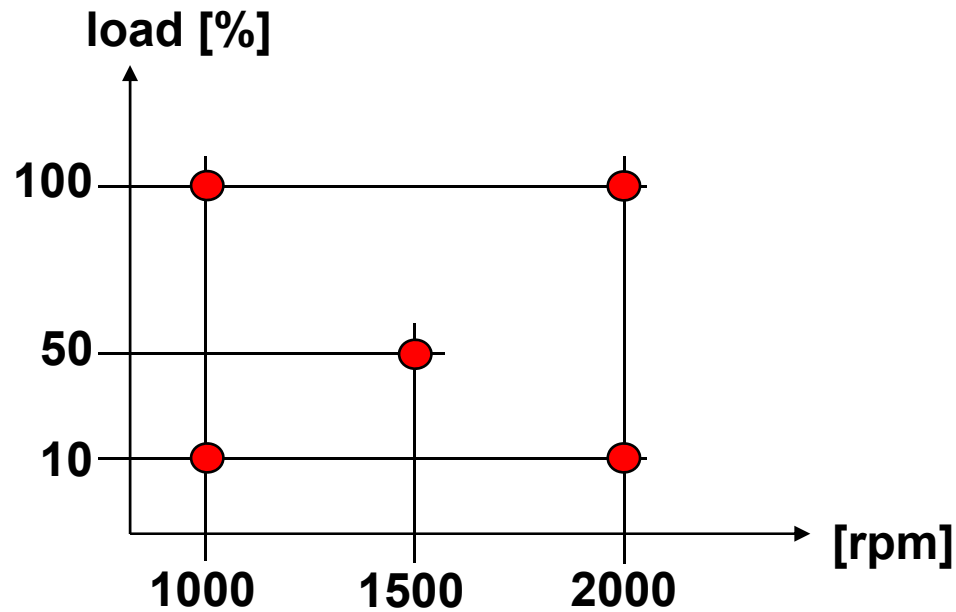


DPF, various sizes, comparison between clean and loaded



GT-Power simulation conditions

- 5 operating points
- 4 piping lengths
- With and without isolation
- DPF loaded with 3 g/l soot



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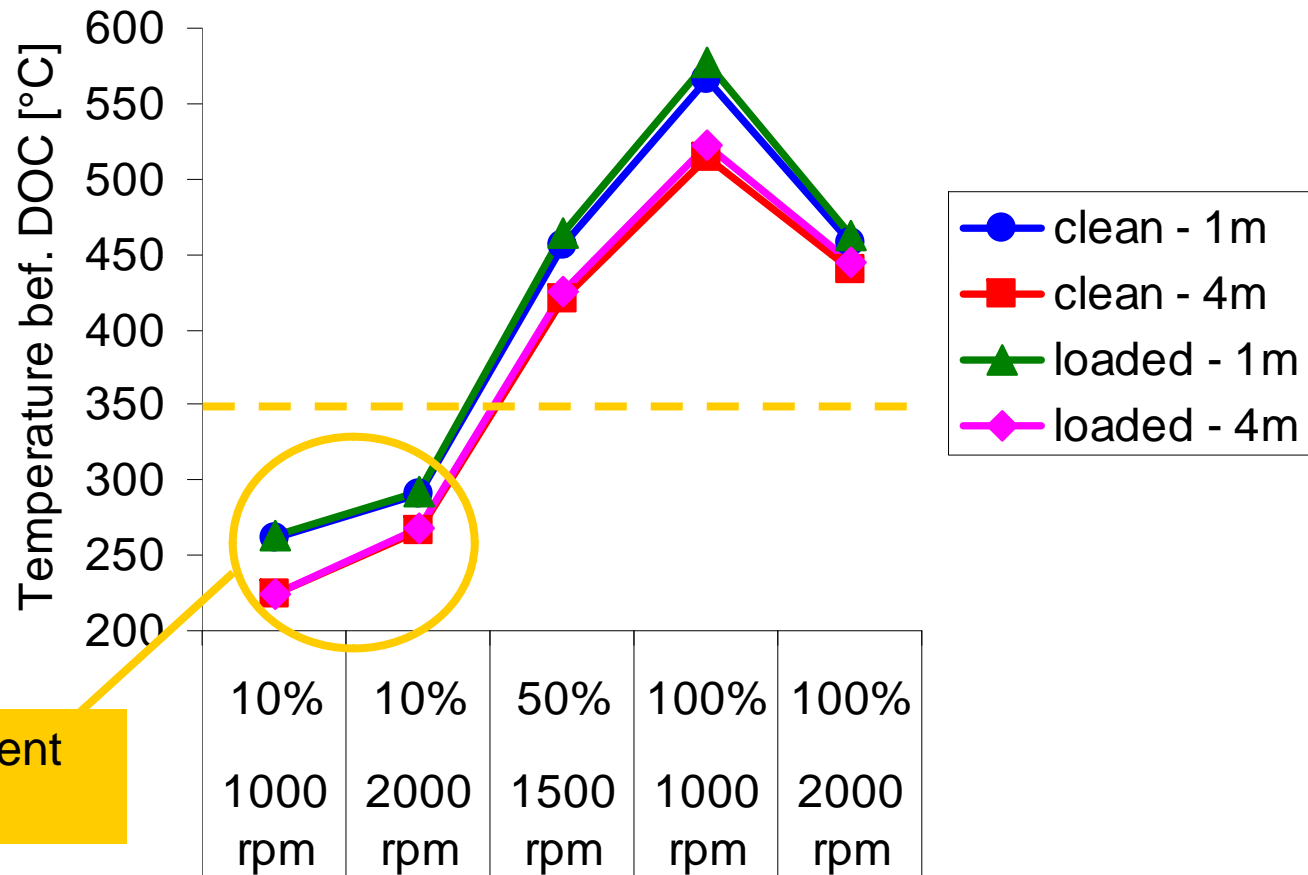
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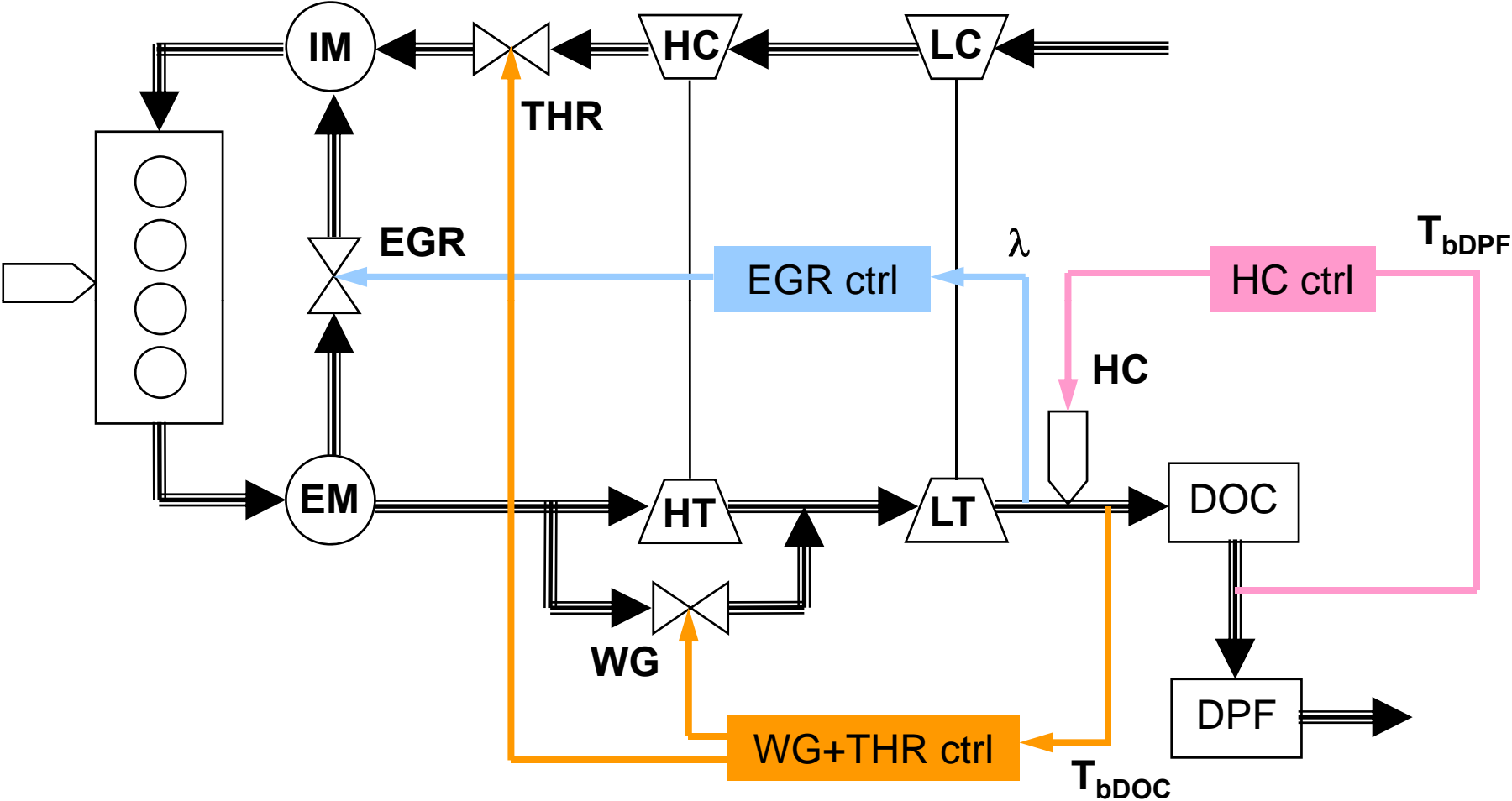
Characterization of the engine operation

■ Piping length 1m vs. 4m → Effect on temperature before DOC



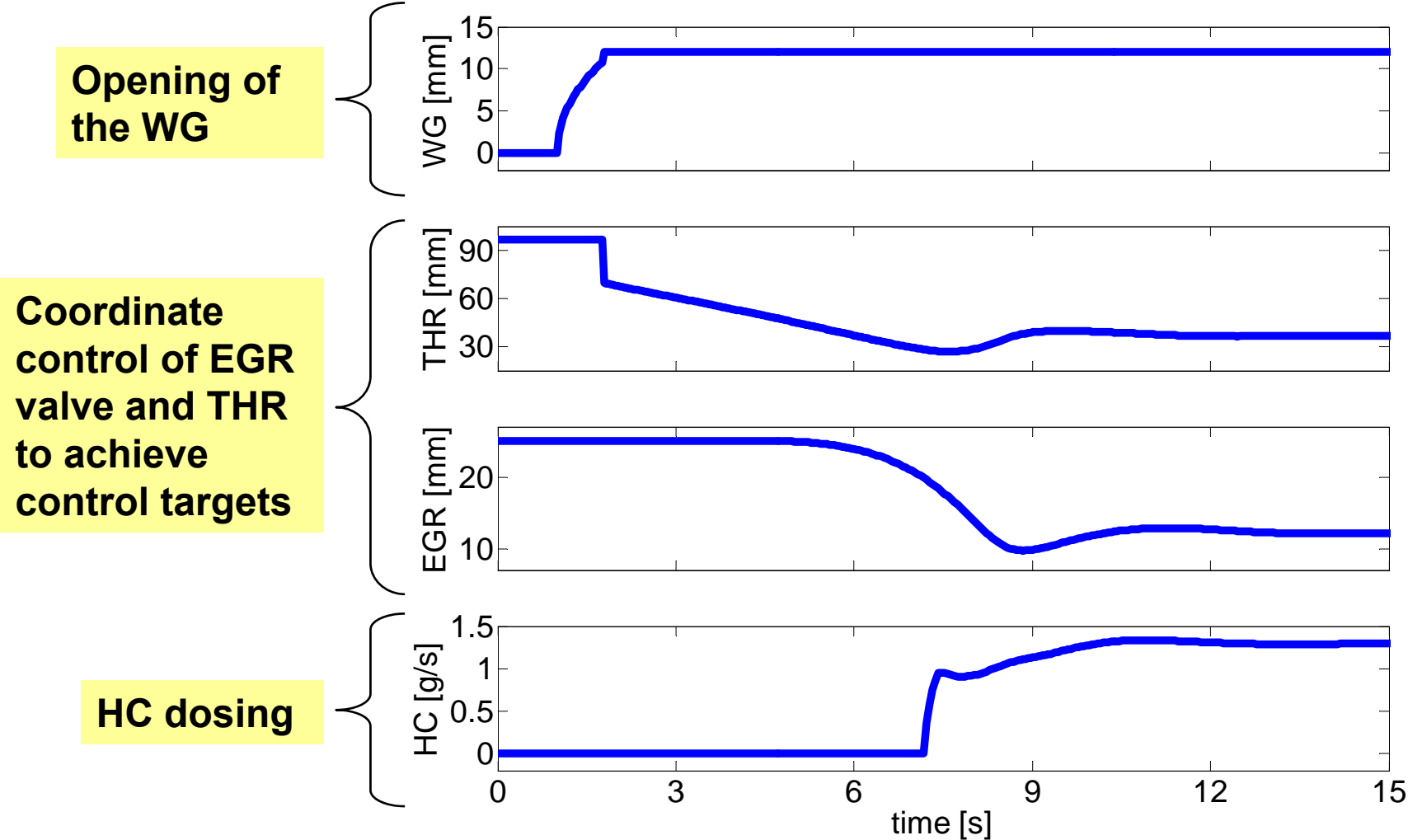
Thermomanagement
needed

Engine control configuration



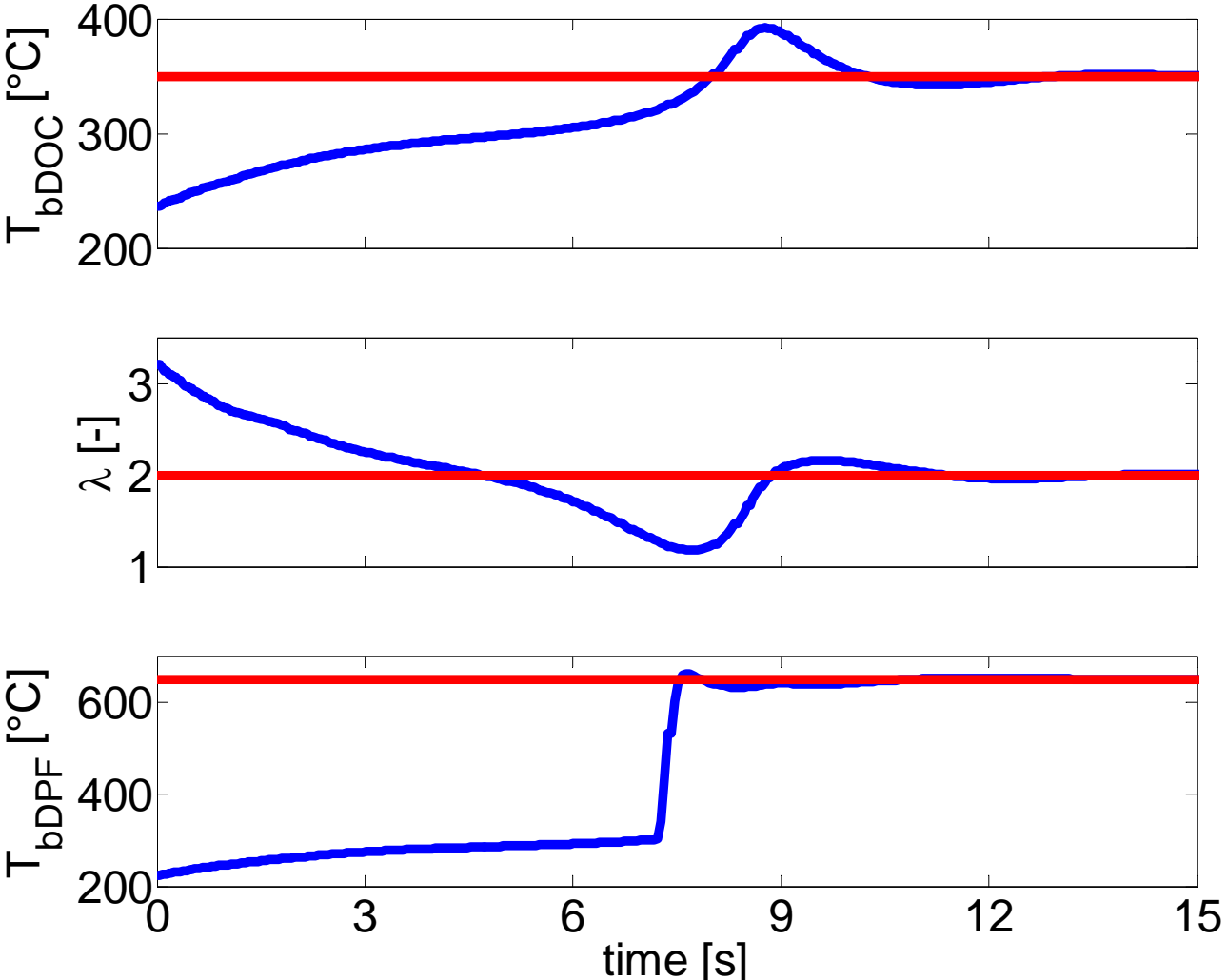
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Example: Thermoman. + HC dosing at 2000 rpm, 10%



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Example: Thermoman. + HC dosing at 2000 rpm, 10%



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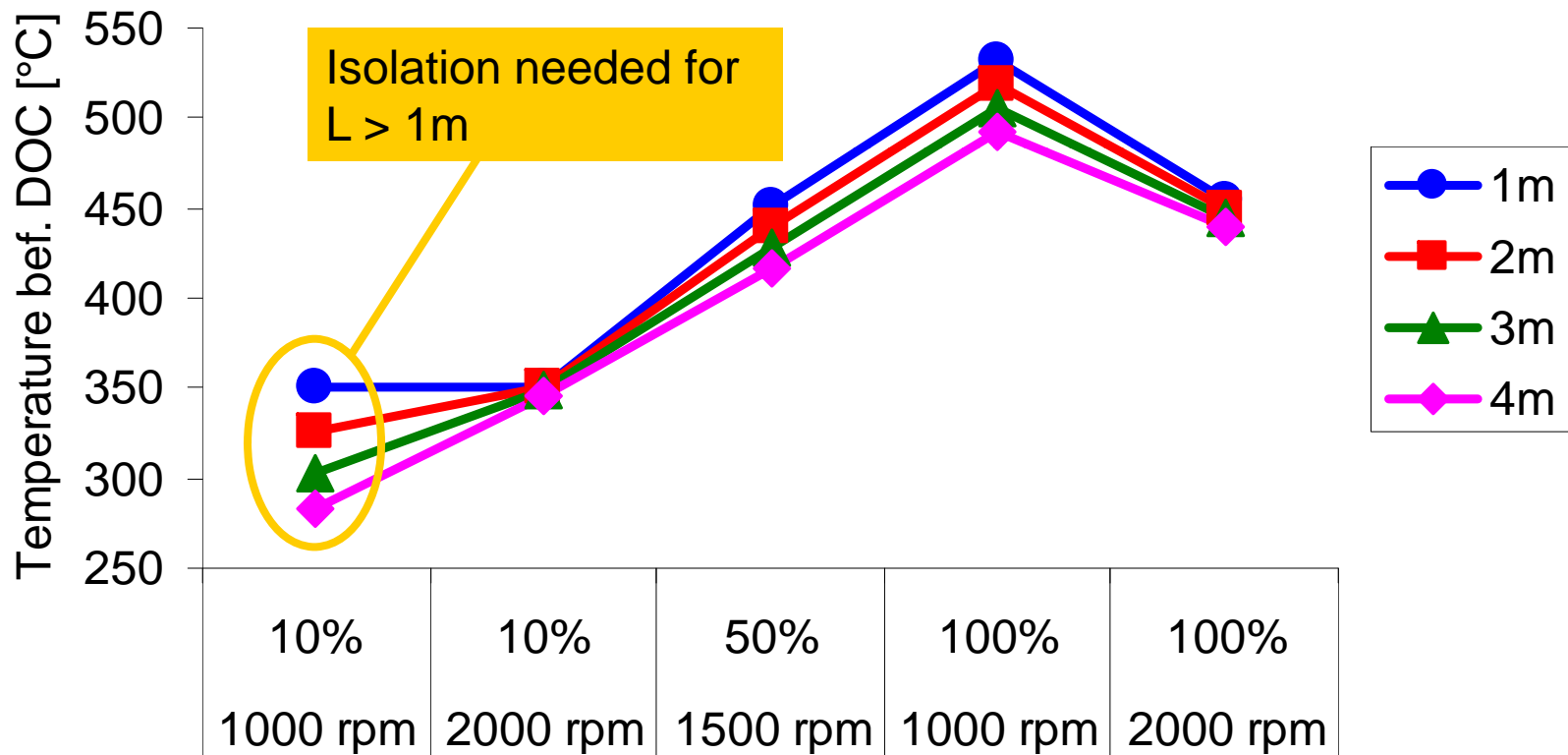


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Exhaust piping isolation

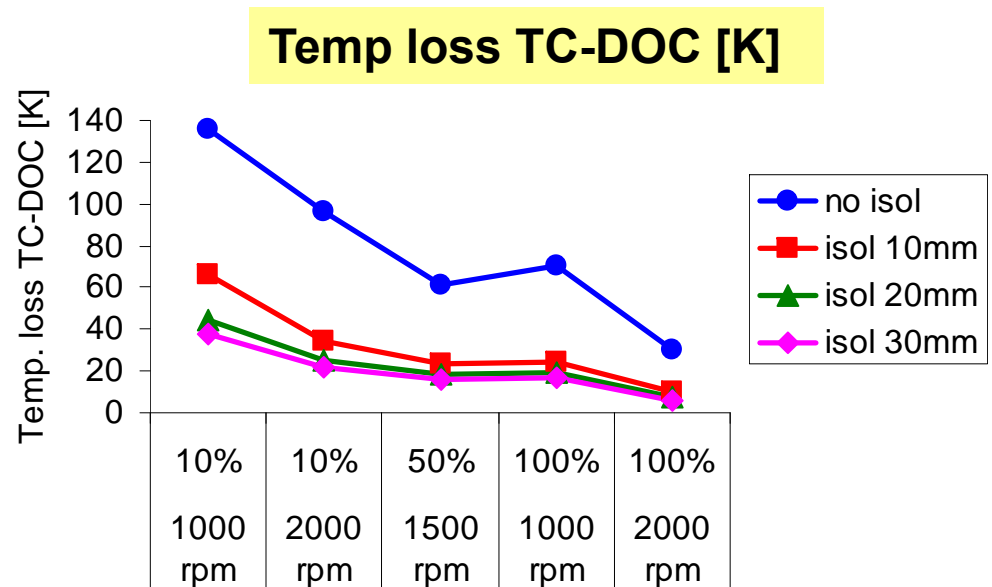
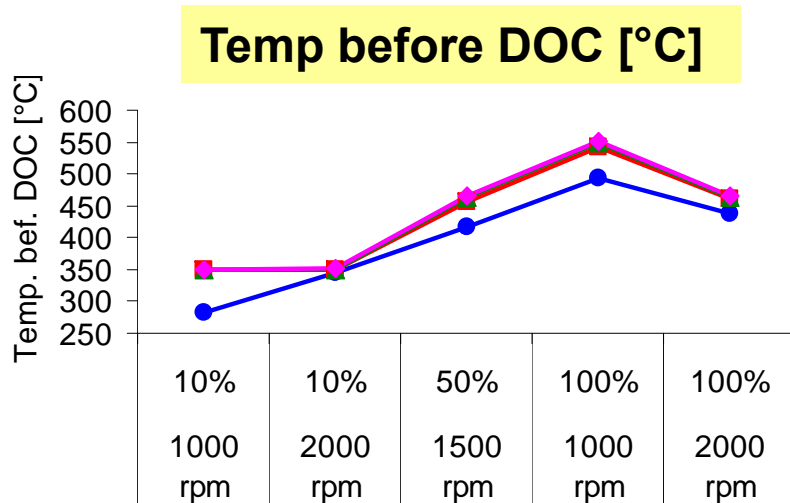
- Question: Need for exhaust piping isolation?
- Answer: Test thermoman., variation of piping length 1m → 4m



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Exhaust piping isolation

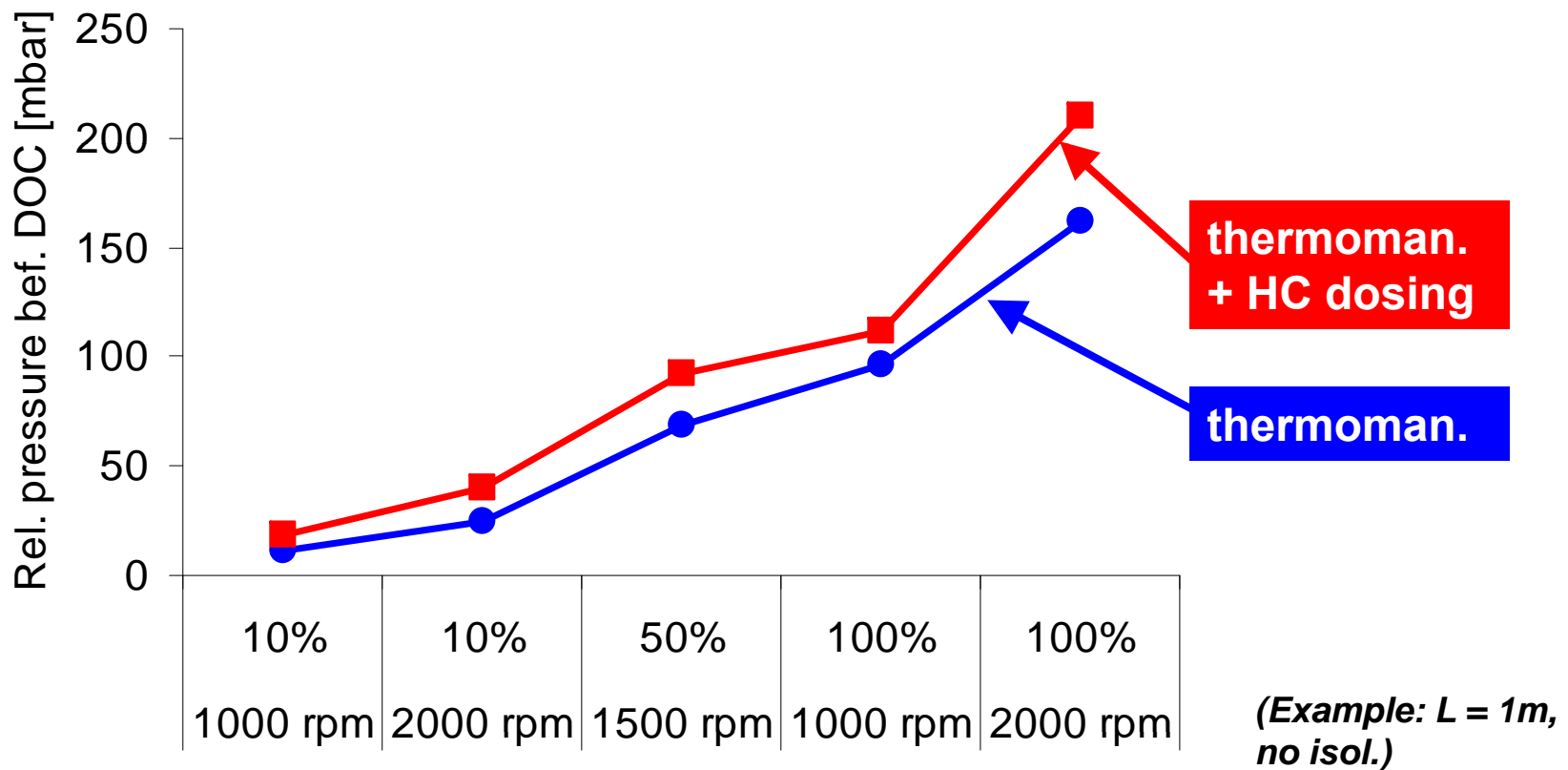
- Question: Isolation thickness?
- Answer: Test thermoman., piping length = 4m, increasing isolation thickness



No more improvements by thickness > 20 mm

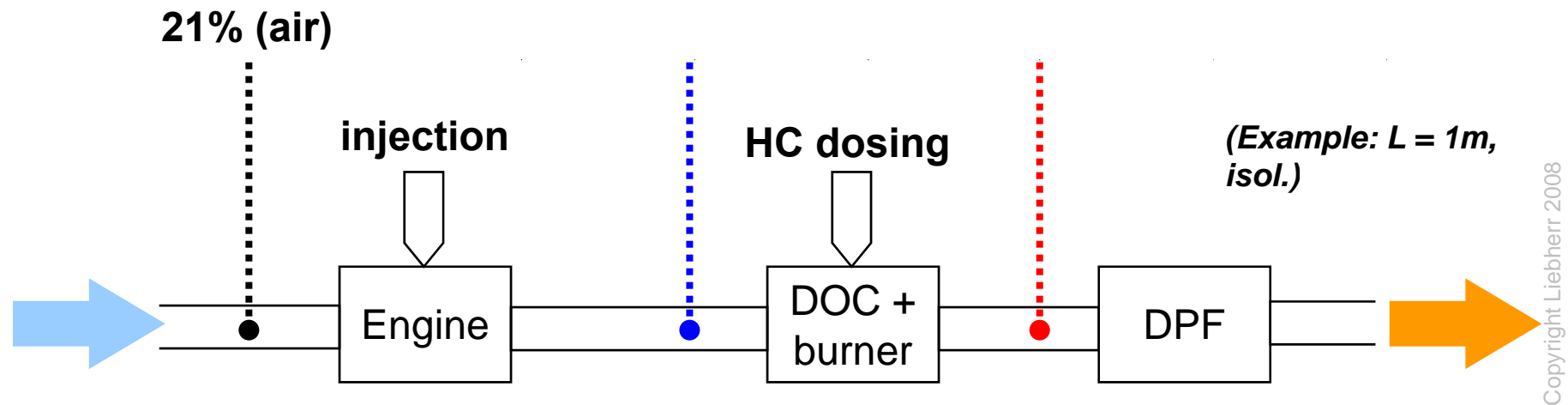
Feedback of HC dosing on thermomanagement

- Question: Feedback of HC dosing?
- Answer: Increased backpressure due to higher mass flow



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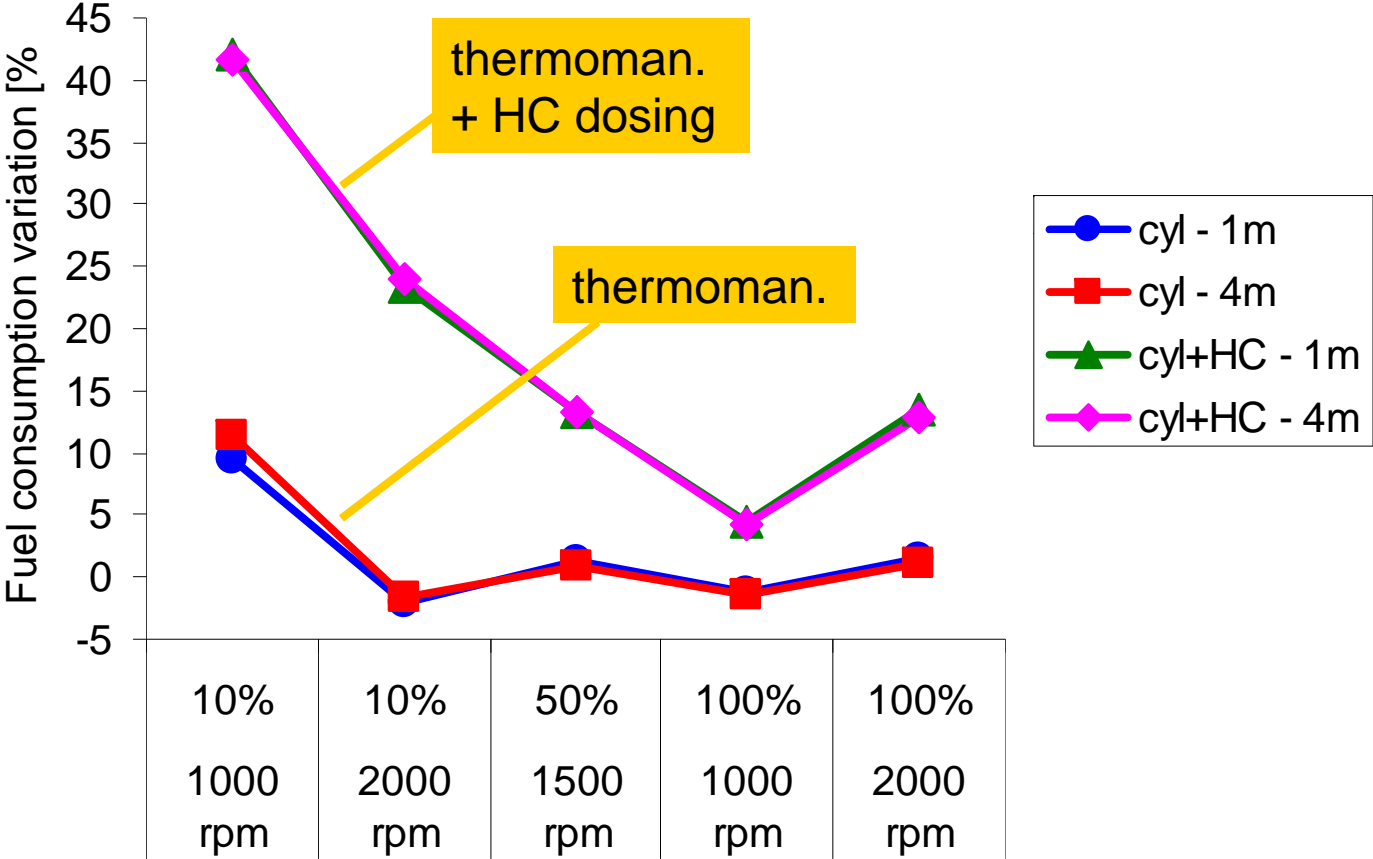
Oxygen concentration analysis



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Fuel consumption variation during DPF regeneration

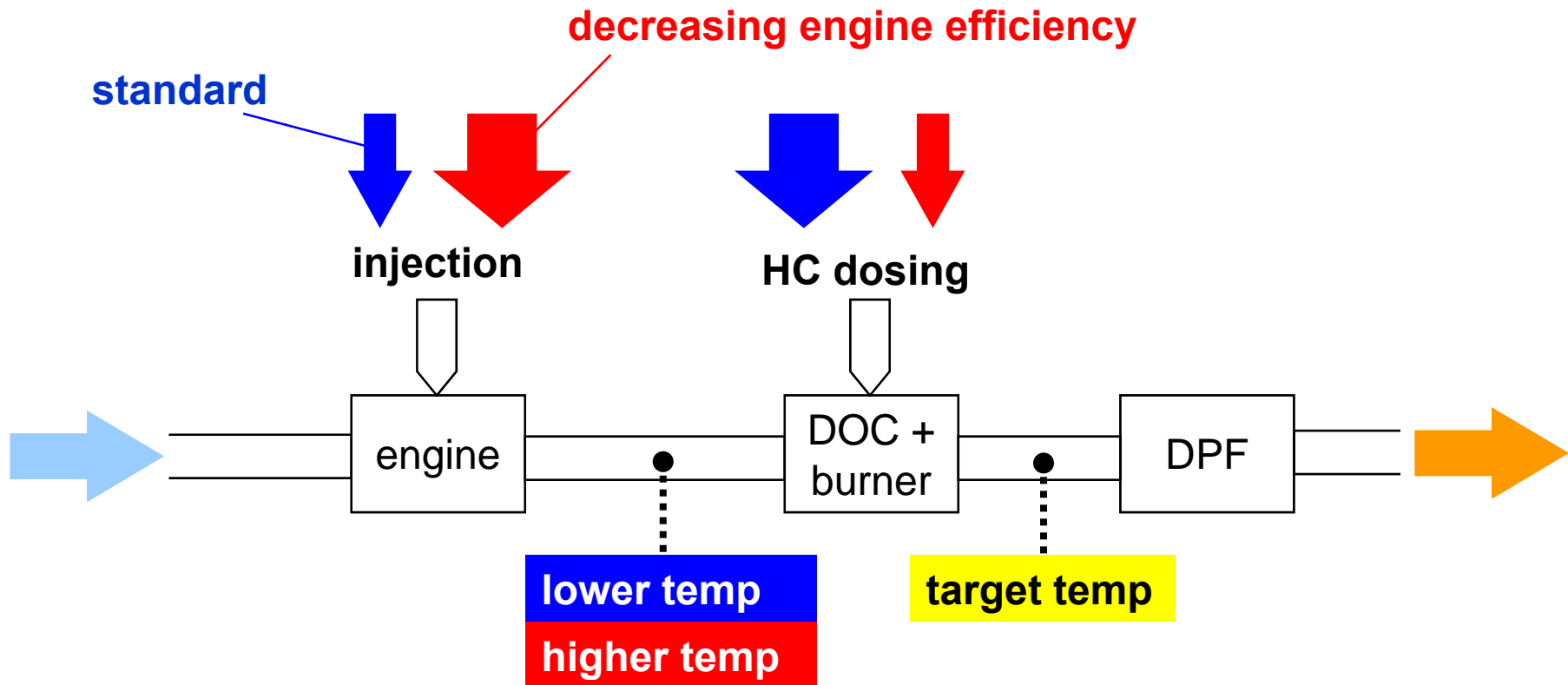
■ Question: Fuel consumption increase during regeneration?



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Total fuel consumption optimization

- Question: Is there an optimal strategy for fuel injection splitting between engine and HC doser to achieve the target temperature before DPF?

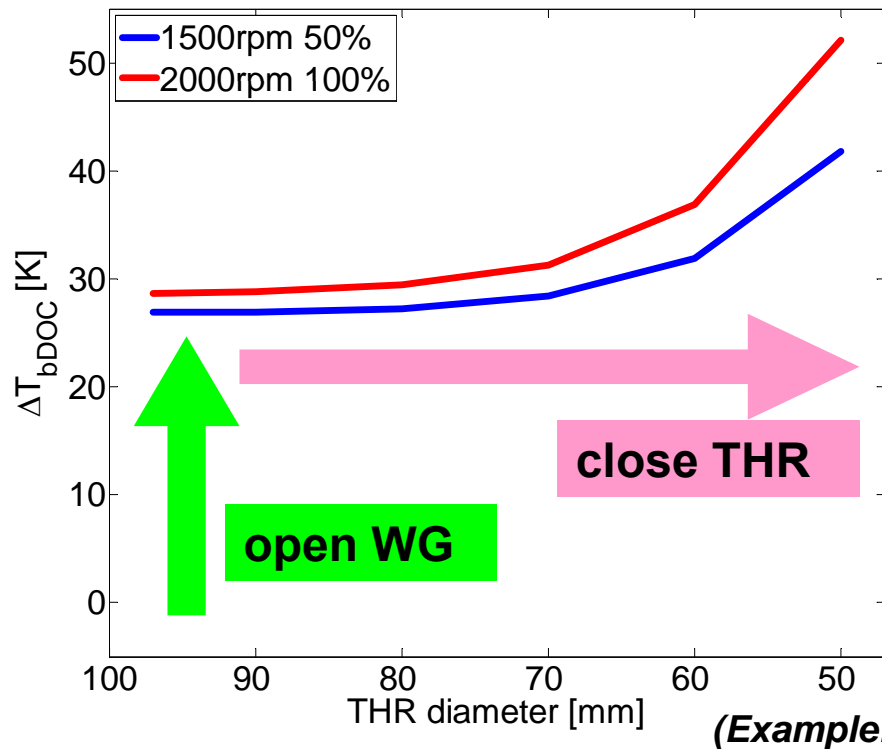


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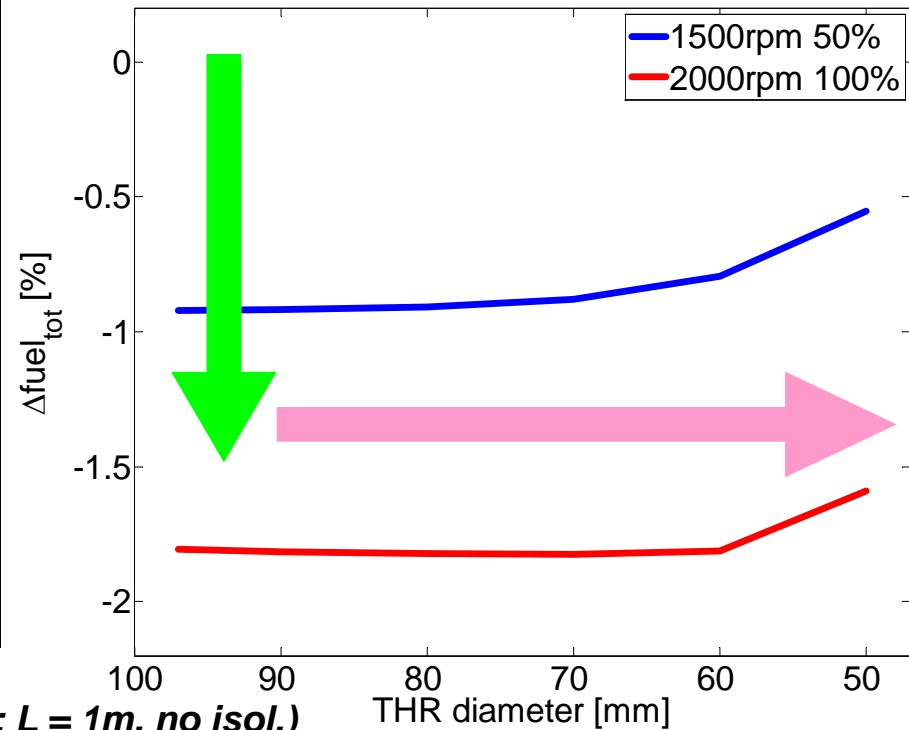
Total fuel consumption optimization

- Answer: Investigation of the effects of WG opening and THR closing (thermom. not necessary at these 2 operating points)

Variation of temp before DOC [K]



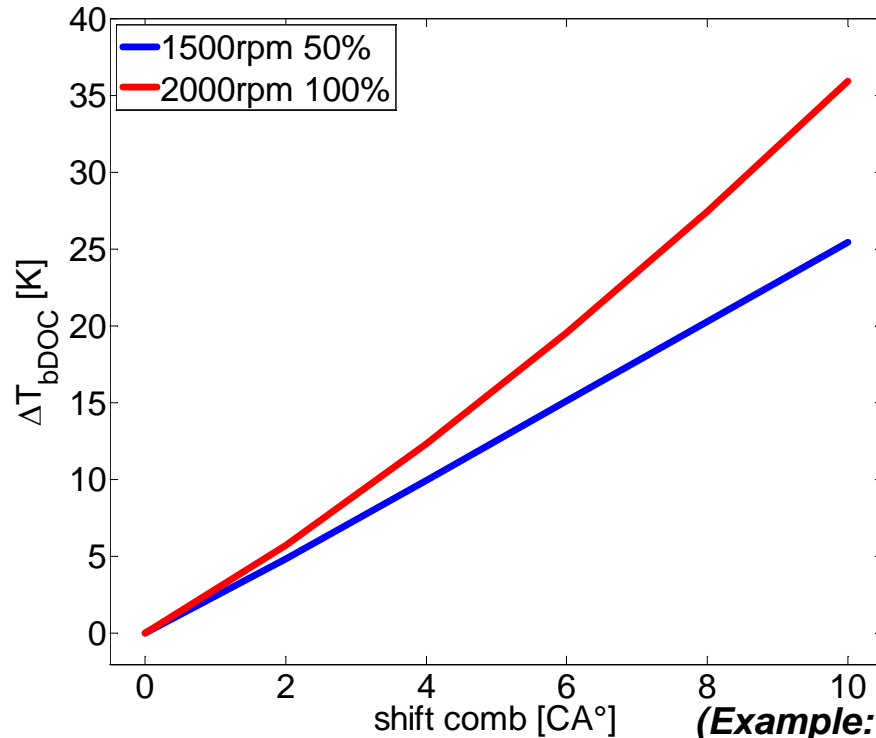
Variation of total fuel cons [%]



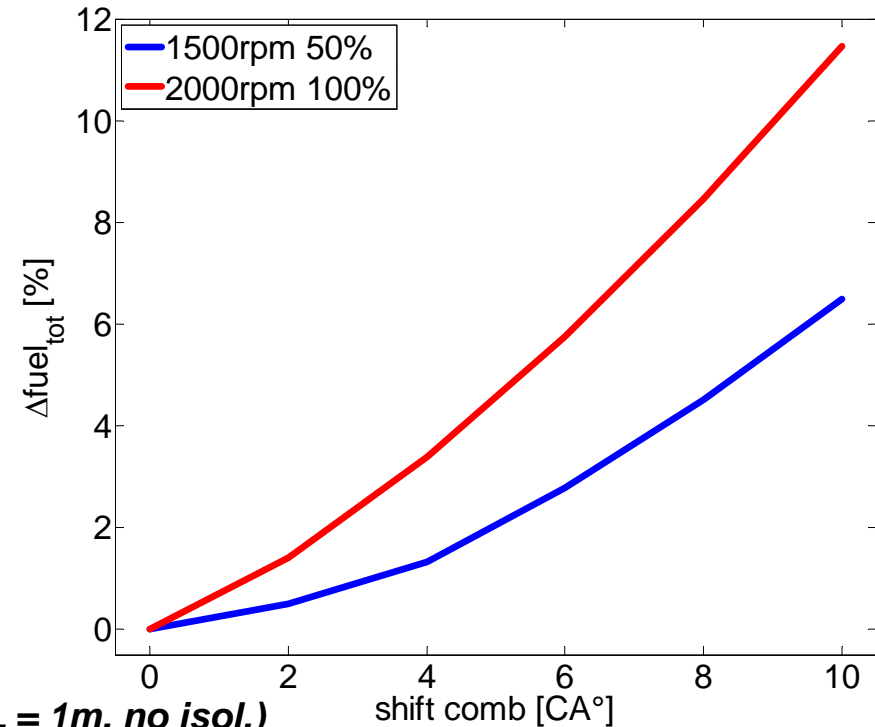
Total fuel consumption optimization

- Answer: Investigation of the effects of shifting combustion to late
- Could be a possibility to reduce NOx during regeneration!

Variation of temp before DOC [K]



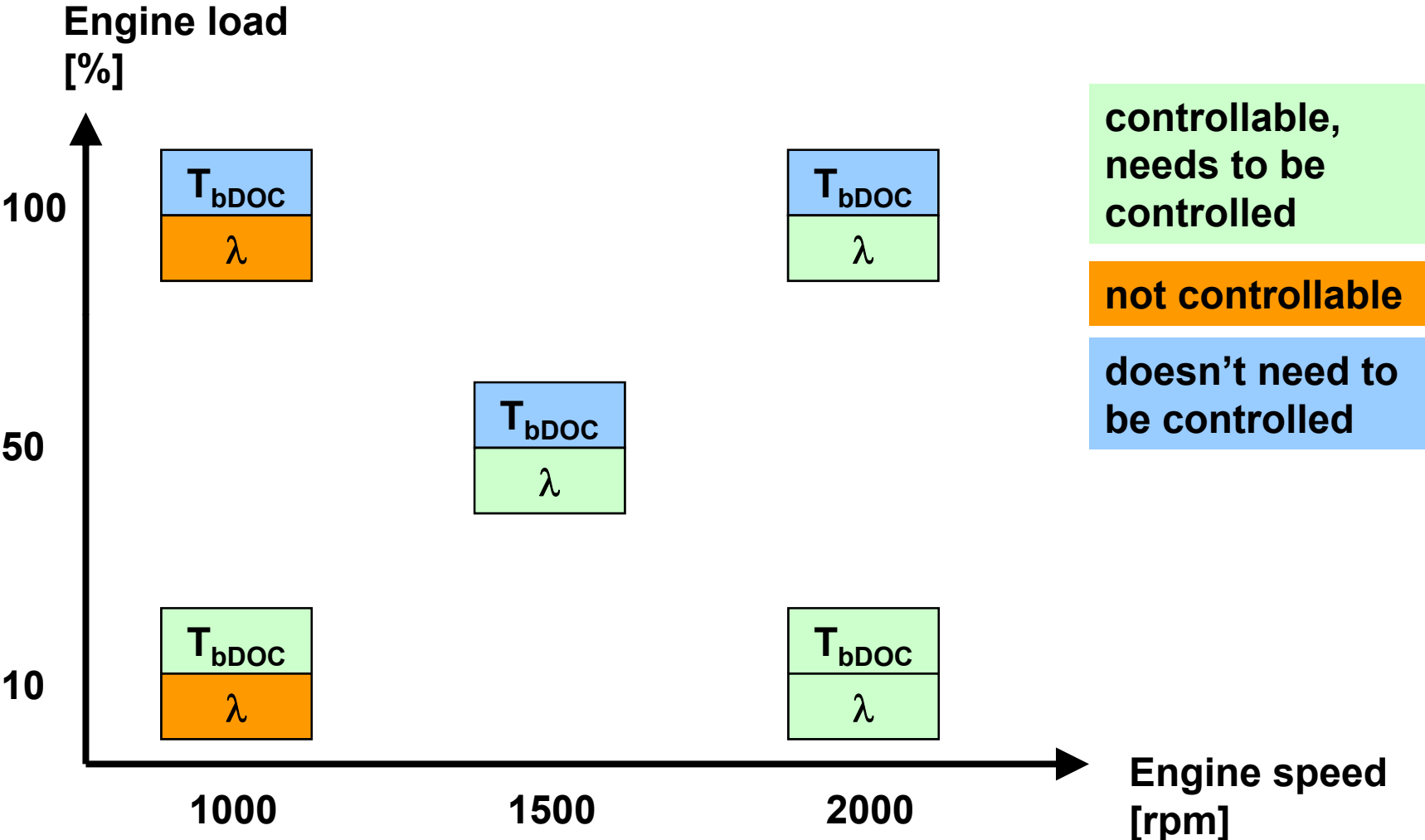
Variation of total fuel cons [%]



Content

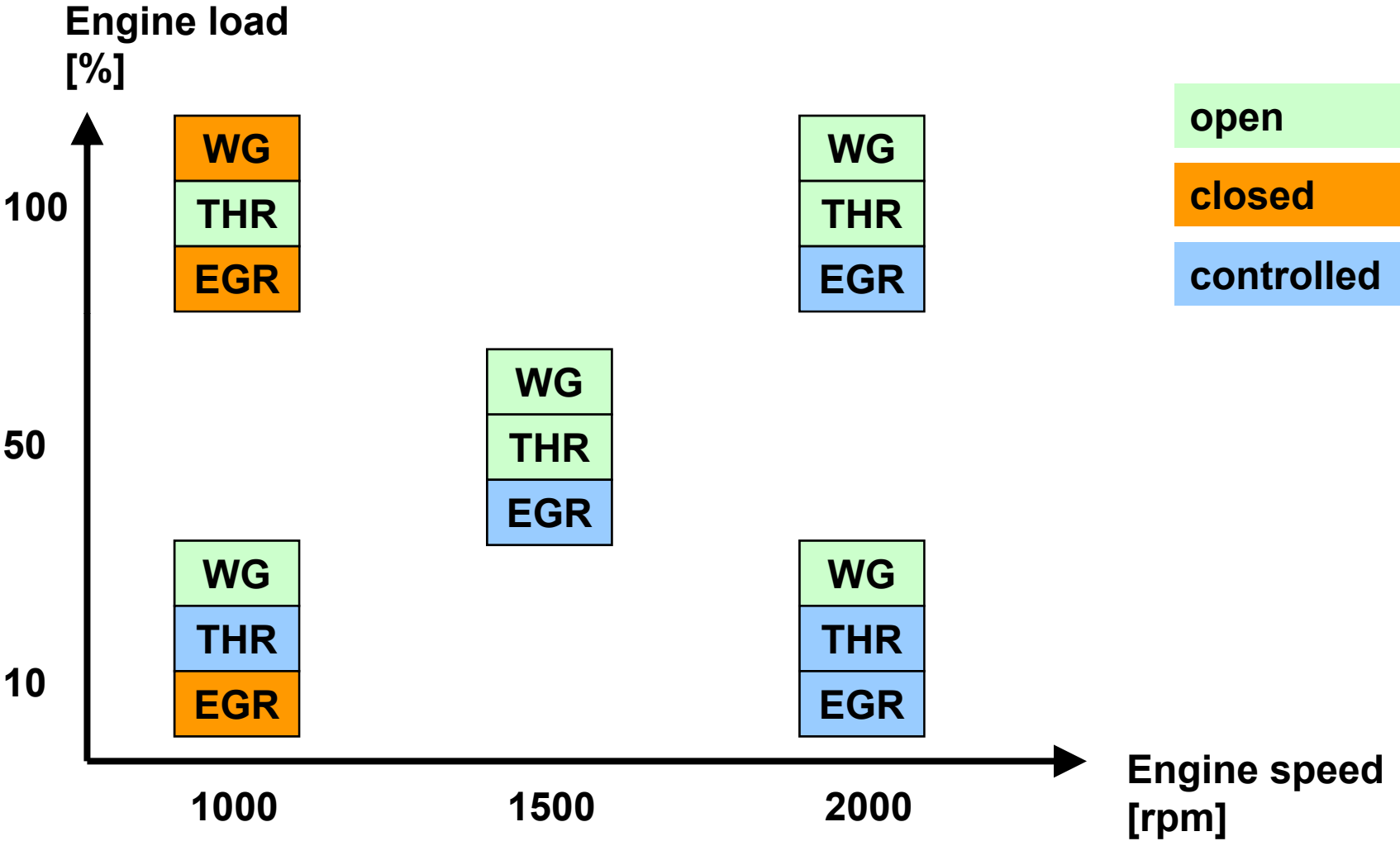
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Overview thermomanagement



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Overview thermomanagement



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Conclusions

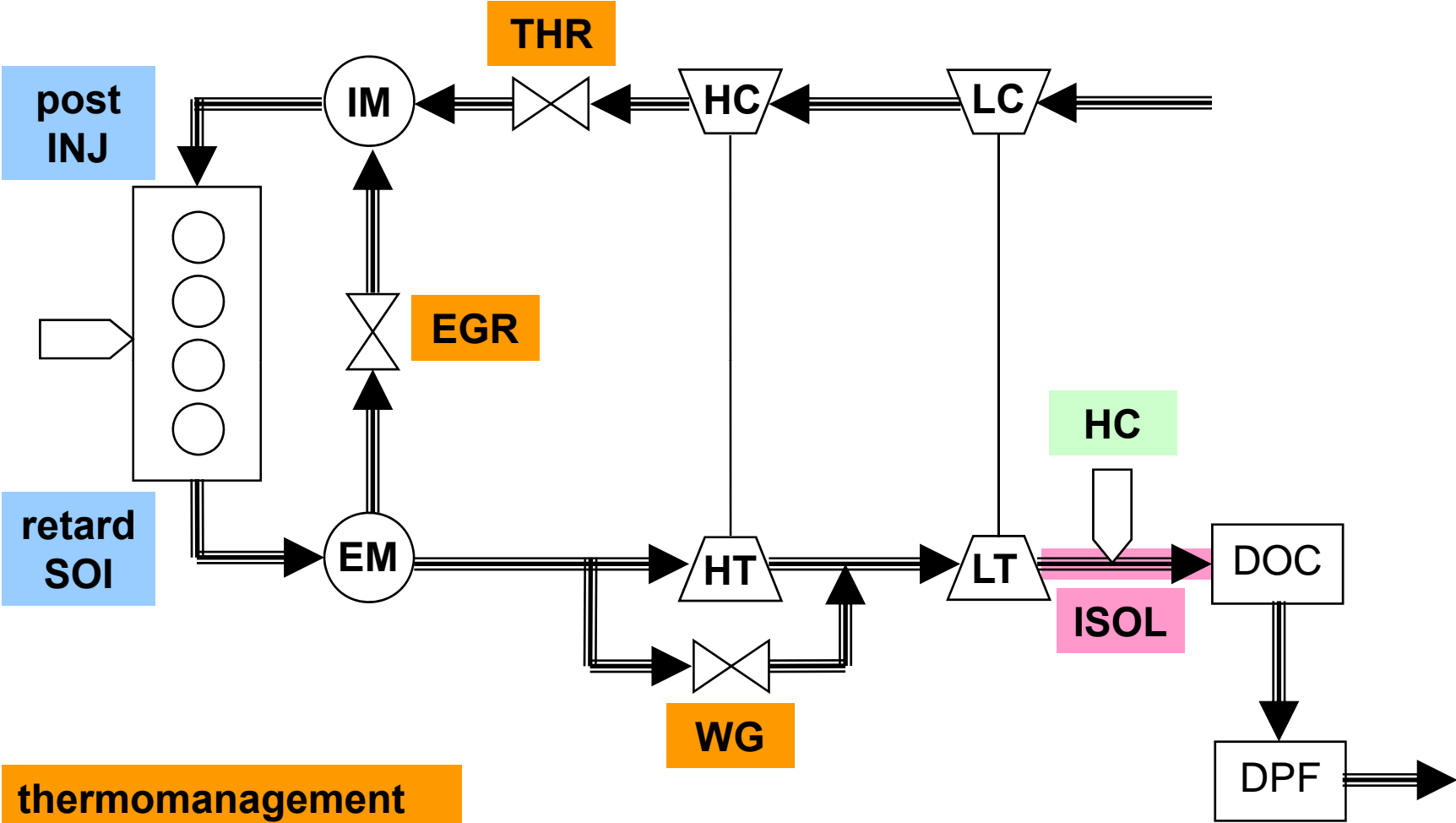
- Thermomanagement: Needed at low load
- Isolation:
 - Needed for exhaust piping length $> 1\text{m}$
 - No more improvements by thickness $> 20\text{mm}$
 - Almost same total consumption for all piping lengths $1\text{m} - 4\text{m}$
- 1000 rpm 10% most critical: At $L = 4\text{m}$ temp-bef-DOC $> 350\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ obtained only with isolation and with very small margin
- Optimal fuel injection splitting: As less fuel as possible in the cylinders, as much as needed in the HC doser

Outlook

- Simulation of post injection and late-post injection → Injection system model and predictive combustion model needed
- Effect on NOx → Predictive combustion model needed

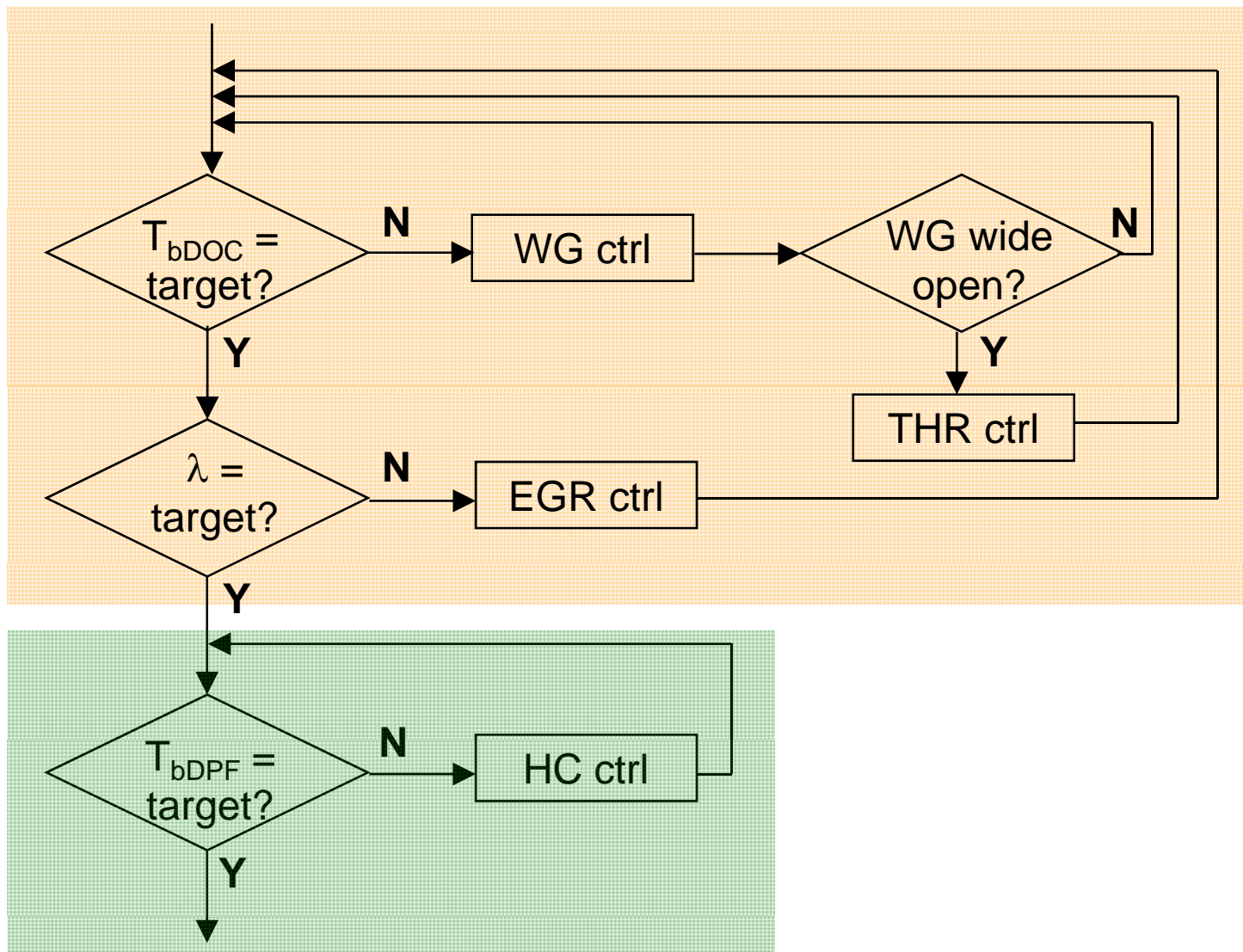
Thank you for your attention!
Do you have questions?

Simulated engine system configuration



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Thermomanagement + HC dosing: Control strategy

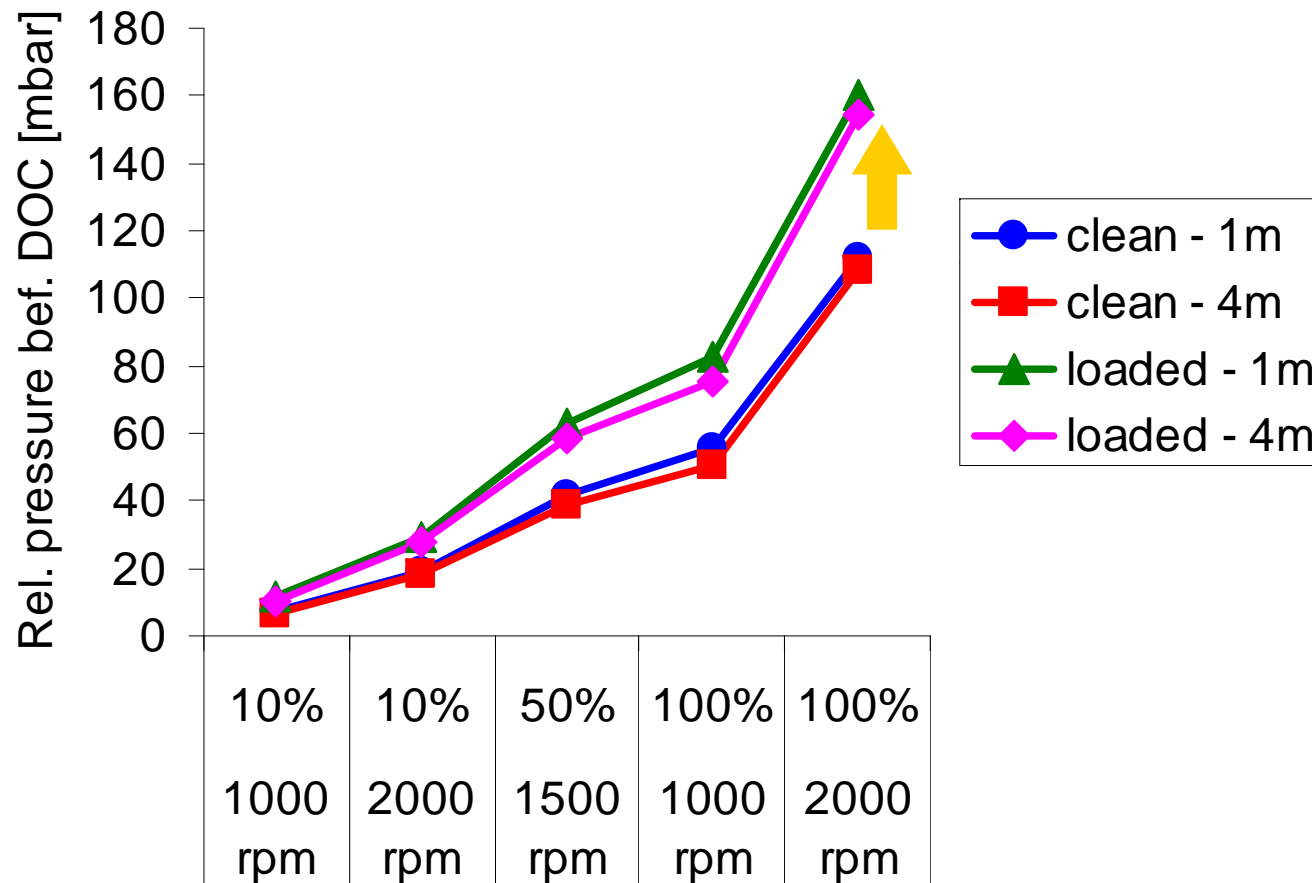


Content

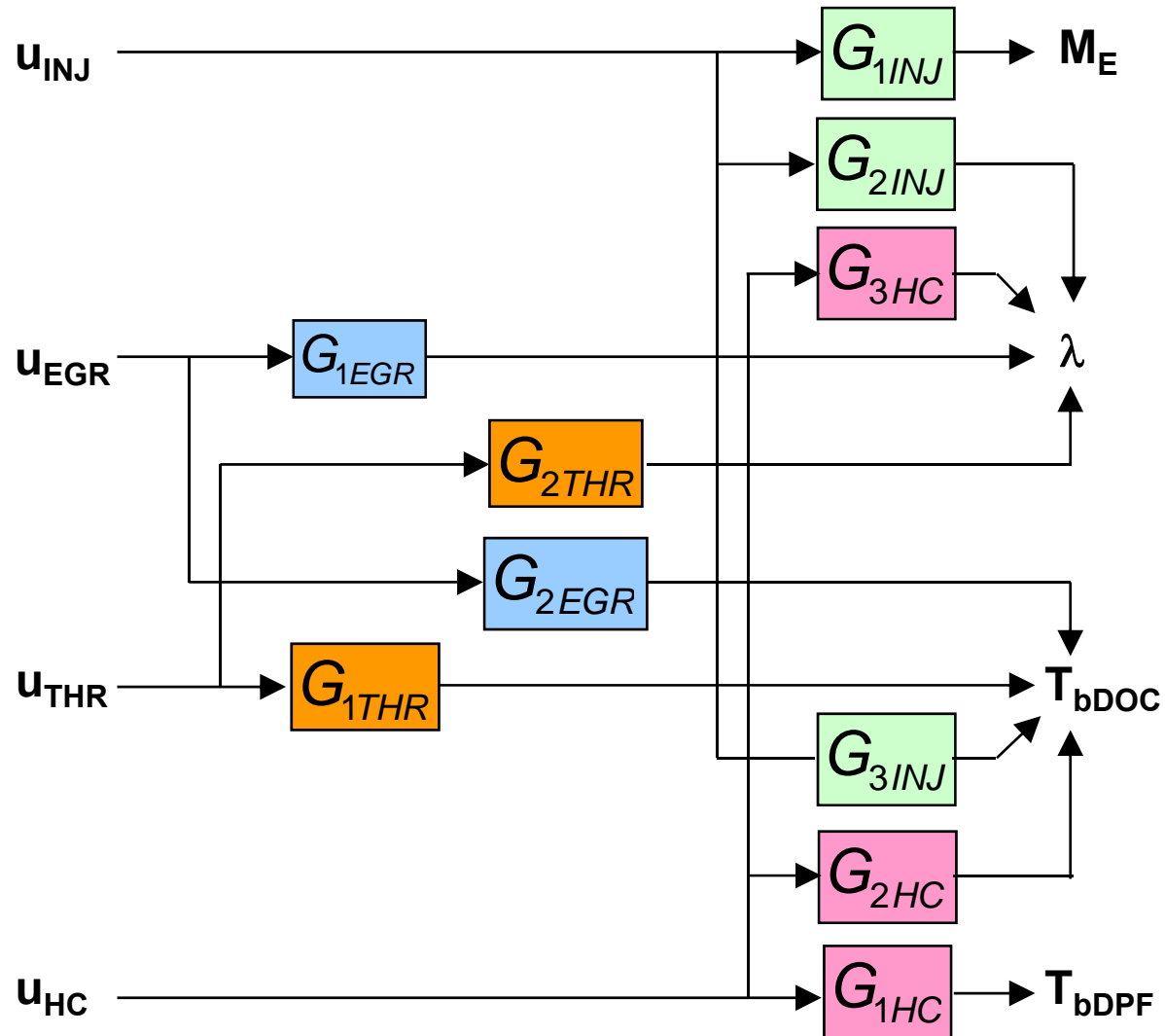
- Introduction
- **Modeling of the aftertreatment system**
- GT-Power simulation conditions
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Characterization of the engine operation

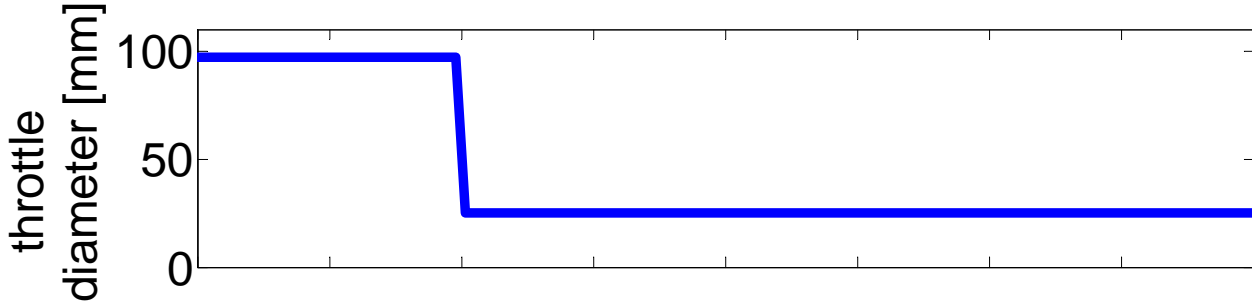
■ Clean vs. loaded DPF → Effect on backpressure



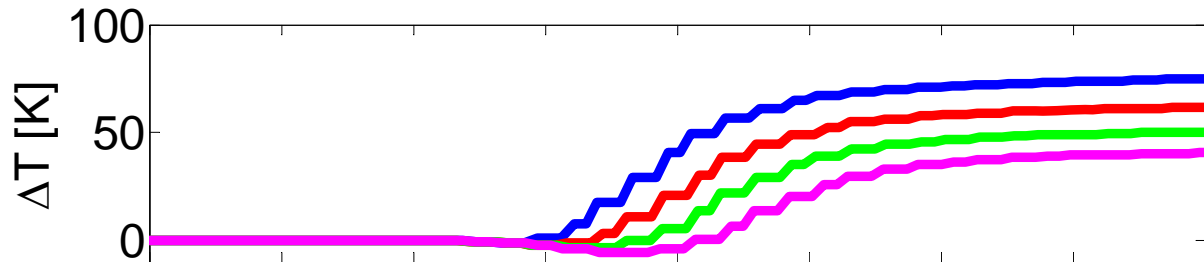
Plant input/output characterization



Example: Plant $u_{THR} \rightarrow T_{bDOC}$ for piping length 1m to 4m

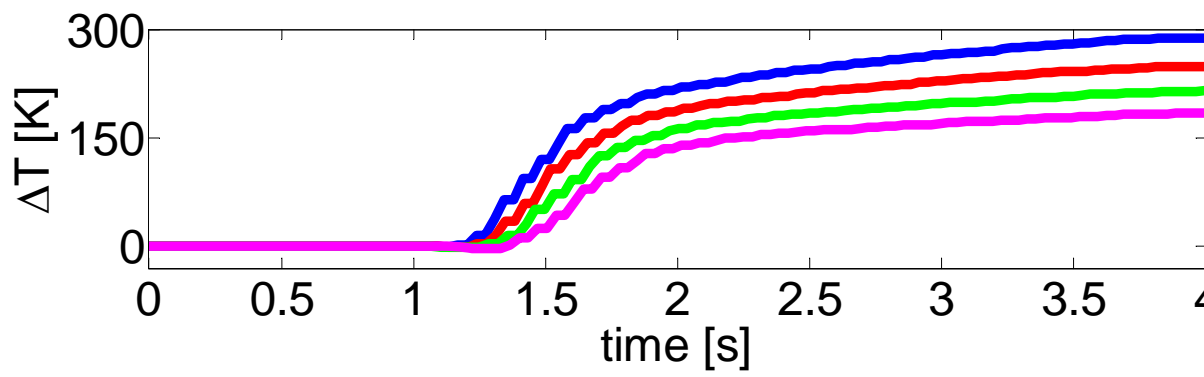


1000 rpm, 10%



↓ L ↑

2000 rpm, 10%



↓ L ↑

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Exhaust piping isolation

- Question: Influence of isolation on total fuel consumption?
- Answer: Test at piping length = 1m (isolation not absolutely necessary at this piping length)

